

### Characteristic:

- Electrical insulation between chip and substrate, 2500V AC insulation.
- Using independently developed and produced silicon nitride+glass passivation process chip soldering, excellent temperature characteristics and power cycling capability.
- Small size, light weight typical

### Applications:



- AC/DC motor control
- Various rectifier power supplies
- AC switch

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	Tj(℃)	VALUE			
				Min	Туре	Max	UNIT
It(AV)	Mean on-state current	180° half sine wave 50Hz Single side cooled, $T_c$ = 85°C	125			160	А
IT(RMS)	RMS on-state current		125			251	А
Idrm Irrm	Repetitive peak current	at Vdrm at Vrrm	125			12	mA
Ітям	Surge on-state current	10ms half sine wave Vr=60%Vrrm	125			3.30	kA
₽t	Pt for fusing coordination					146	10 <sup>3</sup> A <sup>2</sup> s
Vто	Threshold voltage		125			0.80	V
ŕτ	On-state slope resistance					2.29	mΩ
Vтм	Peak on-state voltage	Ітм=330А	25			1.69	V
dv/dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	Vdm=67%Vdrm	125			1000	V/µs
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	Iтм=400A, Gate source 1.5A tr≤0.5µs Repetitive	125			100	A/µs
Ідт	Gate trigger current	- Va=12V, Ia=1A		30		80	mA
Vgt	Gate trigger voltage		25	0.7		2.5	V
Ін	Holding current			10		180	mA
l.	Latching current					500	mA
V <sub>DRM</sub>	Repeat peak voltage in the off-state	V <sub>DRM</sub> &V <sub>RRM</sub> tp=10ms	105	1200	1800	2500	V
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Reverse Repeat Peak Voltage	$V_{DSM} \& V_{RsM} = V_{DRM} \& V_{RRM} + 200 V$	125				



SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	Tj( )	VALUE			
				Min	Туре	Max	UNIT
Vgd	Non-trigger gate voltage	Vdm=67%Vdrm	125			0.2	V
Rth(j-c)	Thermal resistance Junction to case	Single side cooled per chip				0.170	°C/W
Rth(c-h)	Thermal resistance case to heat sink	Single side cooled per chip				0.08	°C/W
Viso	Isolation voltage	50Hz,R.M.S,t=1min,liso:1mA(MAX)		2500			V
Fm	Terminal connection torque (M5)				2		N∙m
	Mounting torque (M6)				3		N∙m
Tj	Junction temperature			-40		125	C
Tstg	Stored temperature			-40		125	C
Wt	Weight				210	350	g
Outline	M225、M234						



Fig.1通态伏安特性曲线



Fig.2 结至管壳瞬态热阻抗曲线





Fig.3最大功耗与平均电流关系曲线



Fig.4管壳温度与通态平均电流关系曲线



Fig.5 最大功耗与平均电流关系曲线



Fig.6 管壳温度与通态平均电流关系曲线





Fig.7 通态浪涌电流与周波数的关系曲线





Fig.8 I<sup>2</sup>t特性曲线



Fig.10 门极触发特性曲线



## SKKT162-16E-CN Thyristor Modules

Typical circuit of module Electrical connection form (Right picture)



# Module outline drawing and installation drawing: Size: mm





(M225)



## SKKT162-16E-CN Thyristor Modules





(M234)



### instructions:

■ Usage conditions and precautions:

1. The usage environment should be free of severe vibration and impact, and the environmental medium should be free of corrosive metals and impurities and atmospheres that damage insulation.

2. Working junction temperature of module die:  $-40^{\circ}$ C ~ 125 °C for thyristor; The ambient temperature shall not exceed 40 °C; The environmental humidity is less than 86%.

3. Before using the module, it is necessary to install a radiator. The selection of radiators can be found in the next section. Natural cooling, forced air cooling, or water cooling can be used for heat dissipation. When forced air cooling, the wind speed should be greater than 6 meters per second.

■ Installation precautions:

1. Due to the fact that the thyristor module is insulated (i.e. the insulation withstand voltage between the module terminals and the copper substrate is greater than the effective value of 2.5KV), multiple modules can be installed on the same heat sink or the grounding shell of the device.

2. The installation surface of the radiator should be flat and smooth, without scratches, bumps, or debris. The surface smoothness of the radiator should be less than 10 µm. When installing modules on the heat sink, a thin layer of thermal grease should be applied between their contact surfaces. Before applying grease, use fine sandpaper to remove the oxide layer on the contact surface of the radiator, and then wipe the surface clean with an hydrous ethanol to ensure good contact and reduce thermal resistance. When fastening the module to the surface of the radiator, use M5 or M6 screws and spring washers, and tighten the screws with a torque of 4NM The connection with the main electrode of the module should use copper bars and have smooth and flat contact surfaces to ensure good contact. After the module has been working for 3 hours, all screws must be tightened again.

#### Module heat sink selection

When selecting a radiator, users must consider the following factors:

① The working current of the module determines the required heat dissipation area;

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on the usage environment, it can be determined which cooling method to adopt - natural cooling, forced air cooling, or water cooling;

③ The shape and volume of the device, as well as the size of the reserved space for the radiator, can be used to determine what shape of radiator to use. Generally speaking, most users will choose aluminum profile heat sinks. For the convenience of users, the required heat dissipation area is provided in the characteristic parameter table. This area is a reference value when the module is operating at full load and subjected to forced air cooling. The

following is the calculation formula for the length of the radiator:

Module required heat dissipation area=(perimeter of heat sink)  $\times$  (length of heat sink)+(cross-sectional area)  $\times$  2 Among them, the required heat dissipation area of the module is the reference value given in the module characteristic parameter table, the circumference and cross-sectional area of the radiator can be found in the radiator manufacturer's sample, and the length of the radiator is the quantity to be calculated.

Serious statement: Currently, the market is flooded with various inferior radiators. Please pay attention to identification when purchasing. Our company is not responsible for any module damage or other serious consequences caused by the use of inferior radiators.



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